

SCREENING OF CSP 2007-2013 Moldova			
Disclaimer: The information contained in this table has been prepared to provide some guidance in analysing the draft CSP. It is based on an interpretation of the information provided within the draft CSP. The result should therefore be checked against the			
General Information on the country			
<i>Percentage of people living in poverty</i>	28.5% not defined further		CSP p. 12
<i>Percentage of women living in poverty</i>	n.a.		
<i>Key Issues</i>	n.a.		
Overview over the National Indicative Programme			
	2007-2010 (in Euro/in %)		2010-2013 (in Euro/in %)
<i>The financial allocation:</i>	€ 209.7 million for a period of 2007-2010.		n.a.
<i>Focal Sector 1</i>	Support for Democratic Development and Good Governance	€ 52.4 Mio (25%) - € 73.4 Mio (35%)	n.a.
<i>Focal Sector 2</i>	Support for Regulatory Reform and Administrative Capacity Building	€ 31.5 Mio (15%) - € 41.9 Mio (20%)	n.a.
<i>Focal Sector 3</i>	Support for Poverty Reduction and Economic Growth	€ 83.9 Mio (40%) - € 125.8 Mio (60%)	n.a.
<i>Focal Sector 4</i>			n.a.
<i>Non-focal Sector 1</i>			n.a.
<i>Non-focal Sector 2</i>			n.a.
	Indicator	Explanation	Text
<i>1. How many focal sectors are there?</i>	3		
<i>2. How many non-focal sectors are there?</i>	0		
<i>3. Which issues are treated as cross-cutting?</i>	1	Gender is treated with a standard sentence as a cross cutting issue.	CSP p. 20
<i>4. Are there other sources to finance CSPs than ENPI?</i>	Yes	Allocation may be increased through allocations under a new "Governance Facility"	NIP p. 4

<i>5. Is the EC giving general budget support? (Explain why or why not.)</i>	n.a.	Wherever necessary conditions are met, budget support shall be encouraged	NIP p. 14
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Overall Questions

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Consultations			
6. Was national parliament consulted (date, time, agenda, participants)?	No		
7. Will the national parliament adopt the CSP?	n.a.		
8. Were CSOs consulted (date, time, agenda, participants)?*	4	Consultation of civil society is mentioned in the CSP but no evidence is provided on this.	CSP p. 3 and NIP p. 3
9. Was the draft CSPs available before/during/ after the meeting?	n.a.		
10. To what extent did consultations effect the final CSP draft? Can the Commission provide reports from these consultative meetings?	n.a.		

DAC criteria			
<i>11. Are DAC codes listed or are explanations given?</i>	No		
<i>12. Are there activities mentioned that are unlikely to be in compliance with the DAC criteria?</i>	Yes	Sub-priority 2: Sector -specific regulatory aspects and administrative capacity also aims at better regulation of migration flows, which may not be in compliance with DAC criteria. The CSP also states that activities in the fight against terrorism may be included.	NIP p. 11 and CSP p. 19
<i>13. How big are the funds for those programmes that are not in compliance with DAC criteria?</i>	n.a.		

MDG			
14. Is there an MDG profile showing the starting point in the specific country (and how far is the country in relation to the achievement of each of the 8 MDGs?	No		
15. Is a timeline given which lays out activities for each year to achieve the MDGs by 2015?	No		
16. How will Commission Programmes achieve these targets?	Yes	Priority Area 3: Support for Poverty Reduction and Economic Growth addresses education and health related issues as well as poverty reduction Sub-priority 4: Education, science and people -to-people contacts/exchanges also addresses education	NIP p. 12 and 13
17. How will member states programmes achieve these targets?	Yes	Sweden and the UK finance measures for pro-poor growth.	CSP p. 42
18. How will the national government programmes achieve these targets?	n.a.	When explaining the government policy MDGs are not mentioned.	

Health and education			
19. Is the 20% benchmark on basic health and basic and secondary education met?	Yes	Parts of the funds for Focal Sector 2 (15-25%) and the entire Focal Sector 3 (40-60%) focus on health and education.	NIP
20. Has spending on basic health and basic and secondary education increased?	n.a.		
Gender	Literacy Ratio Gap (Women/Men): 1.00 Estimated Earned Income Ratio (Women/Men): 0.65 <i>Source: Social Watch Report 2006</i>		
21. Is there any specific programmes to strengthen women's empowerment?	No	Gender will be mainstreamed in all activities.	
22. Do programmes outlined in the CSP show gender sensitivity? What is the evidence for this?***	4	Gender issues are acknowledged in a very standard sentence and receive no consideration in the NIP.	CSP p. 20

Donor coordination			
23. <i>Is there a national development plan? How does the EU relate to that?</i>	No		
24. <i>Is donor coordination based on CSPs, PRSPs or other means?</i>	No	"Donor coordination and harmonisation was carried forward through a Development Partnership Framework signed between the government and key donors including the EC in May 2006."	CSP p. 16
25. <i>Is there any indication of which is the lead donor in the country (and their relation to the Commission)?</i>	No		
26. <i>Does CSPs create a linkage between Commission and Member States strategy?</i>	Yes	"When preparing this strategy the EC consulted other donors at an early stage to ensure cohesion and complementarity."	CSP p. 16

<i>Specific questions</i>			
Human Development			
Health	Infant-Mortality (per 1,000 live births): 23 Under-5 Mortality (per 1,000 live births): 28 Estimated Maternal Mortality Ratio (per 100,000 live births): 36 <i>Social Watch Report 2006</i>		
27. <i>Are there programmes to boost basic healthcare in the country? (Explain which?)</i>	Yes	Priority Area 3: Support for Poverty Reduction and Economic Growth	NIP p. 12
28. <i>Do these programmes pay specific attention to marginalised groups (women, children, ethnic- religious and other discriminated group and people with disabilities)?***</i>	5	Marginalized groups are not specifically addressed.	
29. <i>Do these programmes focus on the health-related MDGs?</i>	Yes	The programme aims at lowering several health related MDG indicators.	NIP p. 12
30. <i>Are there programmes on the major and neglected diseases?</i>	Yes	The programme includes activities in the fight against HIV/AIDS.	NIP p. 13
31. <i>Are there programmes on sexual and reproductive health?</i>	Yes	The programme includes activities in the fight against HIV/AIDS.	NIP p. 13

Primary education	Literacy rate 15-24-year old (%): 99.8 <i>Social Watch Report 2006</i>		
32. Are there programmes to build human resources in the health and education fields?	No		
33. Are there measures to improve basic and secondary education?	Yes	Priority Area 3: Support for Poverty Reduction and Economic Growth aims at increasing school enrollment rates.	NIP p. 13
34. Are there measures to reduce inequalities in terms of access to education?	No		
Social cohesion and employment			
35. Are there programmes to work towards Decent Work?	No		
36. Are there programmes to combat child labour?	No		
37. Are there measures to help the most vulnerable groups (such as those with disabilities, indigenous people and children)?*****	5	Vulnerable groups are not specifically addressed.	

Governance			
38. Are efforts being made to ensure that programmes on governance target priority sectors such as healthcare and teachers as part of civil society? (Explain!)	No		
39. Are efforts being made to promote good governance and combat corruption? (Explain!)	Yes	Sub-priority 1: Public administration reform and public finance management includes activities to fight corruption.	NIP p. 6
Food security			
Undernourishment(%): n.a. Under-5 Children Malnutrition (weight for age)(%): n.a. <i>Social Watch Report 2006</i>			
40. Are there programmes developed to ensure food security?	No		
SME			
41. Are there measures to facilitate the setting up of SMEs and boost wealth creation?	Yes	Sub-priority 2: Sector -specific regulatory aspects and administrative also aims at facilitating activities for SMEs.	p. 11

Water and environment		capacity	
42. Are there measures to promote sustainable development (environmental protection and natural resources)?	No		
43. Are there measures to support sustainable integrated water resources management, access to safe drinking water and sanitation and sustainable use of water resources?	No		
44. Are there efforts to prioritise sustainable energy sources?	No		
Infrastructure			
45. Are infrastructure measures foreseen and will they benefit the poorest in the country?	No		
46. Are there programmes to target priority areas such as health and education in terms of building infrastructure in these areas (schools and hospitals)?	No		

Local authorities			
47. Do efforts exist to develop programmes including local authorities?	Yes	"to strengthen local government structures in line with standards in the European Charter on Local Self Government"	NIP p. 7
48. Do efforts exist to develop programmes for NSAs?	Yes	"to promote the involvement of citizens in decision -making processes and controls, including through civil society organisations including consumer NGOs"	NIP p. 7
49. Do efforts exist to get NSAs/NGOs and local authorities to work together?	Yes	"to promote and enhance cooperation between governmental and non-governmental players, e.g. in the field of environment, education, etc. and by providing support to organisations such as the Regional Environmental Centre (REC) Moldova"	NIP p. 7
Rural development			
50. Are measures foreseen to support sustainable rural development?	No		
Overall comment	Moldova is the poorest country in Europe and the CSP clearly acknowledges this by investing the largest amount of the resources into development policies, including measures on health and education. However, neither the NIP nor the CSP lay out in more detail what programmes are foreseen. The compliance to DAC criteria for some of the activities seems questionable although Moldova is a developing country.		

Q 6:

*Following scale is used:

- 1 =Full transparency and complete information on when/where/with whom/the agenda and report from the consultation.
- 2 =Consultations are mentioned and there is some evidence.
- 3 =Consultations are mentioned in the CSP but no conclusive evidence.
- 4 =Consultations are mentioned in the CSP but no other source and no evidence.
- 5 =No evidence of that consultations have taken place.

Q 22:

**Following scale is used:

- 1 = There is complete information regarding programmes for women and an in-depth gender analysis.
- 2 = Standard sentence mentioning and some specific information regarding programmes for women and a gender analysis.
- 3 = Standard sentence mentioning and giving specific information regarding some activities for women.
- 4 = Standard sentence on women and gender issues.
- 5 = No attention at all to women and gender issues

Q 28:

***Following scale is used:

- 1 = There is complete information regarding programmes on all marginalized groups.
- 2 = Standard sentence mentioning and giving specific information regarding programmes for most marginalized groups.
- 3 = Standard sentence mentioning and giving specific information regarding programmes for some but not all marginalized groups.
- 4 = Standard sentence on marginalized groups.
- 5 = No attention at all to marginalized groups

Q 37:

****Following scale is used:

- 1 = There is complete information regarding programmes on all most vulnerable groups.
- 2 = Standard sentence mentioning and giving specific information regarding programmes for many most vulnerable groups.
- 3 = Standard sentence mentioning and giving specific information regarding programmes for some but not all most vulnerable groups.
- 4 = Standard sentence on most vulnerable groups.
- 5 = No attention at all to most vulnerable groups.